# PHONE 2888 TRAGLE'S

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1903, FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

We will put TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND CAKES OF SOAP at about half price. Now that the soap season is coming on, it will pay you to stock up a few of the many hundred kinds we offer:

	for the season. Here	are	9
	25c. Cuticura Soap	16140.	
	10c. Buttermilk (Cosmo)	6140.	l
	25c. Roger and Gallet Violet	1714c.	i
	So. White Tar Sosp	40.	H
	Sc. Ivory Soap	40.	H
	25c. Packer's Tar Soap	14160.	i
	25c. Williams' Shaving Stick	1614c.	ı
	100. Williams' Shaving Soap	50.	Į
	15c. Pear's Soap	9¢.	ļ
	250. Pear's Boap (scented)	13140.	l
	10c. Mason's Medicated Soap	51/4c.	l
1	10c. Our Queen, large, fine tol-		ì
	let soup, 8 in a box, box.	12c.	l
	25c. 47 11 White Rose Glyco-		i
	rine (imported)	131/20	H
	25c. Dog Boap	90.	d
	25c. Cutlele Skin Soap	81/20.	ı
	25c. Binder's Medicated Tar	110.	l
	Soap		ĺ
	25c. Woodbury's Facial Soap 50c. Imported 84-pound bar	104.	i
	Green or White Castile		į
	Soap, per bar	190.	l
빚	25c. Medicated Shampoo Tar	Section (III)	d
	Boap	5½c.	ď
	10c. Castile Soap and Fine	VISION CA	d
	Washing Rag	5140.	H
	10c. Violette Boap, highly per-	1112105	į
	fumed	4c.	J
	The state of the s		g

15c. Crushed Violet, Carnation or Lily Soap, per bar..... 50. Derby Perfumed Tollet Soap, 2c. per cake; or, per dozen ..... 22c. cakes Olive Witch Hazel Soap, worth 8c., per cake.. 1c, 15c. Munyon Witch Hazel 

5,000 cakes Greater New York, a fine, hard tollet soap, a good, large soap, per cake. | Supraire | Boracio Shampoo | Soap | 19c. | 25c. Velvet Skin Soap | 19c. | 25c. Resinol Soap | 19c. | 25c. Rosch Hyomie Soap | 18c. | 25c. Cassandra Skin Soap | 19c. | 25c. Cassandra Skin Soap | 19c. | 25c. Roschama | 25c. | 25c. Sacchama | 25c. 25c. Sozoderma Soap ...... 25c. Malvina Soap ..... 25c. Biglyina Soap 184c
Malena Soap 8c.
50c. Fowle's Arsenic Soap 42c.
7c. Rose-Violet or Jockey Club
7c. Glycerine Soap 4c.
15c. Cuticura Shaving Soap 12c.
5c. Shaving Soap 2c.
25c. Tragte Deg Soap best
soap made, for all kinds of
dogs, per cake 9c.
10c. King Cole White Tar Soap 4c.

Not more than three cakes or a box of a kind to each customer.

### TRAGLE'S

817 E. Broad Street. The Up-to-Date Prescription Druggist.

#### Carnegie Won Success

ars old that Mr. Carnegle first entered the field of metallurgy. He had recently resigned from the office of superintendent of the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, surrendering thereby the munificent salary of 1,750 per annum. The first of his new ventures was the Cyclops Iron Works, in the establishment of which he had five associates. As what money Mr. Carnegie had been able to had been securely invested elsewhere, he borrewed the sum, \$1,250, required of him as his share of the capital of the undertaking. The Cyclops Iron Company started a rolling mill which supplied material to the Keystone Bridge Company, founded six months later by Mr. Carnegie because of successful experiments in the building of iron bridges by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company while he was in the latter's employ. He forsaw great possibilities in this brauch of the iron trade and his foresight was grandly justified. The organization of the bridge company marked an epoch in the bridge company marked an epoch in the development of both the railroad and the iron trade. It added impetus to a general

development of both the rallroad and the fron trade. It added impetus to a general movement for the substitution of metal for wood and masonry in railway-bridge construction.

Mr. Carnegie and his partners soon acquired by purchase the Union Iron Mils, and then they proceeded to make his bounds forward on the path of prosperity. The Keystone Company constructed many of the largest steel bridges in the country, and the business expanded very rapidly during the railroad-building boom which followed the Civil War. It having become necessary to provide an independent source for supplies of pig fron, the Lacy Furnace Company was organized, the first small stack being blown-in in 1872. In 1874 Mr. Carnegis branched out in another direction, the Edgar Thomson Steel Company, Limited, being formed by him and others with a capital of \$1,000,000 to manufacture steel by the Bessemer process. The company built a pant for rolling rails, which consisted of a Bessemer converted and a rail mill. Steel rails, on which there was a duty of twenty-eight dollars per ton, were then selling in this country at nearly ninety-five dollars per ton, but after the Edgar Thomson works were put in operation the price declined to less than sixty-nine dollars. works were put in operation the price de-clined to less than sixty-nine dollars. In cars additional declines occurred The average since 1890 has been only

THE VALUE OF CHARGOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It is in Preserving Health and Beauty,

Preserving Health and Osady.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfociant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleapaing purpose. Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it, the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines, and carries them out of the systam.

and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines, and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onlons and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another; but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal and other harmless antiseptics in tablot form, or rather in the form of large, pleasant-tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

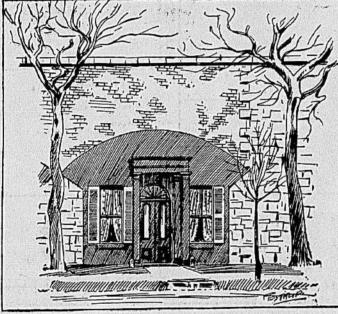
The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the seneral health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

Buffalo physician, in speaking of the

result from their continued use, but on the contrary great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise stuart's Absorbent Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in the stomach and bowels, and it clears the complexion and purifies the breath, mouth and throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them, they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe it get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges (then in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

## TEARING DOWN DAVIS' PRISON



PRISON OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.

News come from Old Point that the But the climax was reached one day casement in Fortress Monroe in which dismantled and destroyed. The two per-President Davis and General Nelson A.

gia and brought to the home of Dr. H. A. Tupper, then of that State who spent his gia and brought to the home of B. H. A. Tupper, then of that State who spent his closing days as professor of English Bible in Richmond College, this city. Later he was placed on the Savannah and brought to Fortress Monros. Here he was put in the ceil and closely watched. The lamp burned all night with its full light thrown upon the thin mattress where Mr. Davis was forced to sleep. General Miles would not tell him anything about his wife and children, and would give him no papers or books to read, even excluding those papers which antedated the war. Two sentinels were always in the ceil and the prisoner could scarcely quiet himself to sleep despite the light in his eyes and the men pearing down on him always but that the guards were relieved and their heavy foot-fails would wate him and render sleep almost impossible.

DEATH PREFERRED TO CHAINS. Then the food was coarse and not only so, but unfit for a human being to eat

followed by a blacksmith who brought les. Then Mr. Davis was half-ill, weak clated with the history of this cell are and practically helpless so far as escape was possible, even had there been no guard. The officer of the day told Mr. Miles, his jailer, who had the ignominy suard. The officer of the day told Mr. Davis that he had the unpleasant order purest men this country has ever propurest men this country has ever pro-duced in irons.

President Davis was captured in Geor-gia and brought to the home of Dr. II. A.

The state of putting him in chains, given by General Miles. Mr. Davis was sur-prised beyond measure and said there is a must be some mistake. But there was none and Miles had gone off as soon as he had given the order. Mr. Davis told the guard to shoot him but he would not submit to the chains. He stood against the walls as if expecting the man to fire the walls as if expecting the man to mre. When the blacksmith approached him he threw him off with all his power and the man was about to strike him when the officer of the day ordered him to desist. Four picked powerful men were brought in and soon over-powered the sick man and forged the heavy chains about wrist and ankle.

THE TIDE TURNS. Buffering of body and greater agony of mind reduced Mr. Davis to a skeleton and a proy to disease. Dr. Craven was assigned to attend Mr. Davis and this was a turn of the tide in favor of the distinguished prisoner. From this time forth he was allowed visitors, was given papers and books, and was allowed to walk upon the ramparts for an hour each filly, and in time his chains were taken of,

twenty-six dollars per ton, and at times the price has been much less than that. Three blast furnaces were added in 1880 to the Thomson plant, and six more have been erected since. These works began with a production of about 50,000 tons per year, but they now have a capacity of 650,000 tons per annum.

For many years after its introduction in the United States the Bessemer process was used almost exclusively for the manufacture of T rails, but gradually Bessemer steel rail took the place of puddled iron for structural purposes and in the making of rods, nails, and other finished products. This created an increasing demand for this brand of steel; and to meet this, Mr. Carnegie and his associates both enlarged their own works and bought the plants of other companies. Two of the most important of these purchases were the Homestead steel works, huilt in ISSO-81 by the Pittsburg Bessemer Company, and the Duquesne steel works, founded in 1880-89. Both these plants had small Bessemer convorters and rail trains, but the rolling of rails at Homestead was before long discontinued and other and different lines were taken up, including the open hearth steel-making process, the rolling of steel structural shapes, ship and tank plates, and forging of war-ship armor. The Duquesne plant, which has also been enlarged, now comprises four of the largest blast fur-For many years after its introduction

comprises four of the largest blast fur-

naces operated, an extensive open-heartl steel department, and several rolling mills. The rapid growth of the Homestead works, which has made the record for such establishments throughout the world is attributed largely to the extending use of basic open-hearth steel, the production of the latter showing a tre mendous gain on that of Bessemer sicel. Illemonds gain on that or bessemer sizes. In 1800 the Homestead works turned out 1,000,000 tons of the open-hearth product, thirty-four per cent. of the entire output of the United States, and nearly equal of the total output of the country five

years before. \( \)
Mr. Carnegle was not content in his Mr. Carnegle was not content in his business years with making his own fortune. He was liberal in his treatment of employes, and he opened the door to opportunity and wealth for many men whose good qualities he appreciated. Numbers of young men who performed meritorious service were admitted to partnership, valuable stack being assigned to them without payment of a dollar. He also started a sayings and loan fund He also started a savings and loan He also started a sayings and loan fund high rate of interest, and arranged to have loans made to employes on easy terms to enable them to buy homes of their own. In fact, this great capiain of industry did not, as some have imagined, blossom suddenly into a philantropist late in life, but practiced the principles of philanthropy during al his days.—Leslie's Weekly.

### PURPORT OF THE BUDGET

Great Works That Are to Be Undertaken Very Shortly.

WATERTOWERIN WEST END

Will Greatly Increase the Pressure In That District-The Settling and Coagulating Basins-Other Provisions.

by the Finance Committee and accepted by both branches of the Council has een passed nearly a month, little if any thing has been done towards disbursing the million and three-quarters dollars which have been provided for the support of the city, it having been next to impossible for the various committees effect an organized movement into the coin. And while this is true, equally as little is known by the general public as to what the conglomeration of figures mean, as the solons know at presen how to apportion the money and place i where the most good will be accom plished for the tax-paying citizens.

Under these conditions it would not be amiss to review the document with an dea of letting the people know how at east some of the money is to be expended and where. That it will be care fully apportioned is assured, and that each section of the city, will get a just portion is equally as true.

FOR CLEAR WATER, To be exact, the hidget provides \$1,-54,896.90, but it should be borne in mind that this does not include a bond issue of \$350,000, which is not included in the document, having been voted by the Council last year, the money to be used in building settling and coagulating basins, in the hope of furnishing the people with clear, unadulterated, pure value.

But while it is true that the bond issue

But while it is true that the bond issue is not in the docket, there is quite an item which has a direct bearing on it, for it was found necessary to provide 440,978.13 for paying the interest and redemption for the lirst year.

While referring to the efforts to improve the water system of Richmond it might be woll to look upon the last item in the long budget, which is \$70,000 for a water tower. The natural question, "What is a water tower," and why such a large sum for a thing with which the majority of the people are unfamiliar, is easily answered, and the explanation which will prove to the citizens that the money will be well spent.

In common parlance, a "water tower" is nothing more nor less than a stand pipe, and this will be erected upon a plot of ground in the Leo District, which is yet to be chosen. Now, a stand pipe is yet to be chosen. Now, a stand pipe is an immense tank, a receptacle where thousands of gallons of water will be stored at all times,

BETTER PRESSURE,

The urgent necessity of such an arrangement, has look per side well.

The urgent necessity of such an arrangement has long been felt by the Water Department, for it will guarantee positively a highly increased pressure in the western residential section, and add materially to the same all over Richmond. At present the people in Lee District

At present the people in Lee District suffer daily from the lack of water, it being almost impossible to get a drop on a second floor, although the plumbing and connections are wellnigh perfect. For a long while they have patiently waited and worked in the interest of anything that would bring relief.

So stood the matter when clear water was being agitated last fall, and had not it been decided to put in the basins the appropriation to the stand pipe would have never been made. When the question was up the Lee Ward delegation was up the Lee ward delegation saw their chance and selzed it, steadfastly refusing to support a clear water bond issue unless provision was also made for increased pressure.

In the fight they were successful, the Council voting the bonds and instructing the Finance Committee to provide \$70,000 with which to increase the pressure in Lee Ward.

THE MONEY READY.

THE MONEY READY.

The money is ready and the Water Committee prepared to put it in circulation. Plans are being drawn for the pipe, and immediately they are completed bids will be asked and the site located, it will require some time to construct it, after which the pressure will be felt.

The water will be lifted by the pumps at the reservoirs through pipes to the at the reservoire through pipes to the stand-pipe. It will be filled and the water turnished to the clitzens through mains, the altitude to which it has already been lifted lending the necessary impotus to supply the entire district. This will naturally relieve the tax on the pumps and allow the water to be more equally distributed throughout the town.

The basins next. The Committee on Water has already purchased a suitable site—William's Island—for the coagulating and settling basins, and plans are now

and settling basins, and plans are now being drawn, the ground having already been surveyed and a general outline de-

cided upon.

But the bonds have not as yet bee sold, so it would be unwise to let the

#### Bright's Disease and Diabetes Cured.

University Chemist, Acting as Judge



Irvine K. Mott, M. D., of Cincinnati, O., demonstrated before the editorial board of the Evening Post, one of the leading daily papers of Cincinnati, the power of his remedy to cure the worst forms of kidney diseases. Later a public test was instituted under the auspices of the Post, and Post of the most prominent Universities in the United States having been chosen by the Post to make examination of the cuses before and after treatment. Any one desiring to read the desile of this public demonstration of the cuses before and after treatment. Any one desiring to read the desile of this public demonstration save Dr. Mottal and the property within the correspondence with people of the world, and several noted Europeas the world, and several noted who have taken his treatment and been Dired.

The doctor will correspond with those who are severals with Bright's Disease.

who have taken his freatment and overCured.

The doctor will correspond with those
who are surering with Bright's Disease,
Diabetes or any kidney trouble, either inthe first, intermediate or last stages, and
will be nieused to give his expert opinion
frac to those who will send him a description of their symptoms. An essay which
the Doctor has prepared about kidney
froubles and describing his new method
of treatment will also be mailed by him
correspondence for this purpose should be
addressed to HVINE K. MUTT, M. D.
its Mitchell Building, Cincumpath One.

PHYSICAL HOUSE-CLEANING

A Thorough Cleansing of the System Now is the Surest Protection Against Spring and Summer Sickness.

No good house keeper ever neglects Spring cleaning. With plenty of soap and water, hard scrubbing and scouring, sunlight and air, she soon gets rid of all rubbish, musty odors, germs and microbes, and the dust and dirt that have accumulated during the long winter months. But when the house has been put in order, and the premises cleared of all old plunder and trash,

the great majority of house keepers feel that Spring cleaning is over, and forget that their systems may be in a worse condition than the house, and that the bad feelings, debility, loss of appetite, nervousness and sleeplessness from which they are suffering are due to neglect of the more important and necessary work of Physical house cleaning. A clean house does not insure against disease, but a clean system does. The poisons and humors engendered within the body, the waste matter that is clogging the system and contaminating and vitiating the blood, are far more dangerous to health than the dirt and dust of our homes. In the winter time we give free rein to our appetites, and eat more and oftener than is for our good. We inhale the polluted air of badly ventilated offices and rooms, take little or no exercise, and our bodies become a veritable hot-bed of disease-bearing germs, and our blood is loaded with impurities and poisons of every conceivable kind; and no wonder that Spring time is so often Sick time and finds us in such poor physical condition, with vitality slowly wasting away, our digestion impaired, the liver torpid, and all the bodily organs over-worked and out of repair. Unless our systems are given a thorough cleaning, and the blood purged and purified, the simplest malady may develop into some serious disorder or end in chronic invalidism, and often the pent-up impurities, poisons and humors break out through the skin, and all through the Spring and Summer you are tormented with boils, itchy rashes, sores, bumps and pimples, and all manner, of ugly pustular and scaly eruptions.

Physical house cleaning should begin with the blood. It must be purified and strengthened, and when a stream of pure, rich blood is turned into all the nooks and corners of the system, the rubbish and disease-producing poisons are washed out, and the congested channels and avenues of the body are opened, and Physical house cleaning is made thorough and complete. S. S. S. cleanses the blood of taints and poisons and expels the waste and rubbish from the system. It is to the system what soap and water are to the house. Nothing else so quickly removes the stubborn, deeply-rooted

poisons and humors that are destroying the purity of the blood and blocking the avenues of health and life. A course of S. S. S. now will put your system in

perfect order and fortify you against the debilitating diseases and aggravating skin troubles that are sure to come if your physical welfare has been neglected. S. S. S. is not only the best of all blood purifiers, but an unequalled tonic and appetizer.

It builds you up, improves the appetite, and aids the digestion and assimilation of food, and keeps the system in a healthy, vigorous condition. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, and can be taken by the old, middle-aged and young without danger of any harmful effects. S. S. is a blood purifier and tonic combined, a perfect Spring medicine and indispensable in Physical house cleaning. Write us fully about your case. No charge THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA. for medical advice.



#### NIGHT COLD CURE

It can be relied to cure La Grippe and colds in all stages. For sale by reliable druggists. Price, 10c per box; 3 for 25c. Prepared only by

J. M. BLANKS, The Prescription Druggist

nance Committee now having the matter under advisement. MILLIONS OF GALLONS.

The basins will hold millions of gallons of water, and when it finally reaches the city it will be as clear and sparkling as a crystal. First the water will be gathered in the settling basin from James River. Here it will be allowed to settle for days, and then into the coagulating basin it will go, where it will be cleared

by minerals.
With all of its seemingly large appro by minerals.
With all of its seemingly large appropriations for pure water and an improved system, the budget is notably void of appropriations to charitable institutions, save those under the immediate care of the city. Herstofore it has always been customary to give every charitable institution in the city something, if a mere pittance. However, the City Attorney has decided that under the new Constitution these appropriations cannot be made, and it is a saving to Richmend, but a loss to many a worthy cause, a herdship in some instances.

As has been before stated, the Street Committee has been unable so far to wade into its appropriations for sither sewers or streets. Hut, nevertheless, eventually the money will commence to disappear, and it will go with a rush, for much work is necessary about the city-many sewers to build and improve, many streets to pave and repair, many sidewalks to lay and overhaul.

ALLI, NOW BUSY.

many streets to pave and repulr, many sidewalks to lay and overhaul.

ALL, NOW BUSY.

The Light Department, the Water Department, the Health Department, and numerous of others are moving along in the even tener of their way, the governing committees having got to work in good fushion, making improvements have, and small expenditures for necessaries there.

Thus, altogether, it may be seen that the departments are moving along smoothly, and that the Finance Committee has prepared a document worthy of the time they seemingly wasted. All have been more or less pleased with the share allotted to them, and considering the immense improvements in addition to the regular appropriations the budget is altogether satisfactory.

But the pleasant and of the affair should not be overlooked, namely the music in the parks. Intreclais Band will furnish the usual sweet strains to the militudes next summer as it has in the legist.

A NNUAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 81, 1902, OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY OF THEODY OF THE LAWS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF FURIOR ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONVEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PURSUANCE TO THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA. IN PRESENTED THE COMMONVEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PRESENTED AND AUGUST OF THE COMMONVEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PRESENTED THE COMMONVEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PROBLEM, HON, GEORGE A. COX: Vice-President, J. J. KENNY, Becretary, P. H. BIMST PINCIPAL OF THE COMMON OF THE COMMON

Aggregate amount of all assets of the company state at their setual value....

Gross claims for adjusted and unpeld losses due and to become due ..... \$19,850 82 Gross losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all fer 78,888 71 period and supposed losses; costs and other appearance thereon.... 7,548 89 Not amount of unpaid losses, and recovable upon all unaxpired fire risks from spromiums received and recovable upon all unaxpired fire risks rounding one year or less from date of policy, including interest, and the second of the recovable upon all unexpired the risks rounding more than one year from date of policy, \$501,232,29; unsuring more than one year from date of policy, \$501,232,29; unsuring more than one year from date of policy, \$501,232,29; unsuring more than one year from date of policy, \$501,232,29; unsuring more including both cash and bills, received and receivable upon all unexpired inland navigation risks, \$52,540.18; uncerned promiums (50 per cent.), distributed from the policy of the polic

10,200 57 

Aggregate amount of all limbilities including paid up capital stock and not surplus \$1,400,805 78.

Gross premiums and bills unpeid at close of last year. . . • 213,748 53 • 86,108 75 Not cash actually received for premiums tocks and bonds, colleters) loons, and from 81,882,324 Becalved for interest and dividends on stocks and bonds, colleters) loons, and from 80,870 34 Aggregate amount of receipts actually received during the year in cash....... \$1,882,805 18

DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR. Marine and Fire. 

BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA DURING THE YEAR.

J. J. KENNY, Vice-President, P. H. BIMS, Secretary.

eminion of Canada; Province of Ontario; City of Toronto-ss; Sworn to January 23, 1903, before H. D. GAMBLE, Notary Public. JULIUS STRAUS & SON, Agents,

1013 East Main Street.